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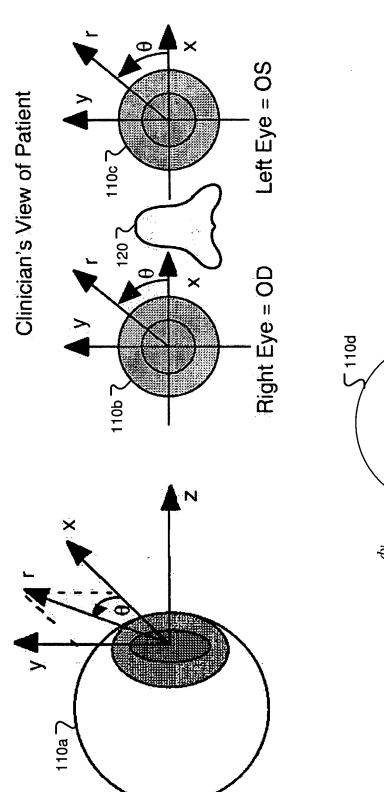
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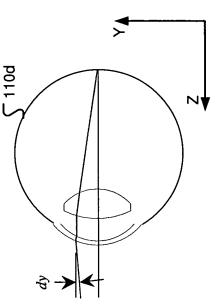
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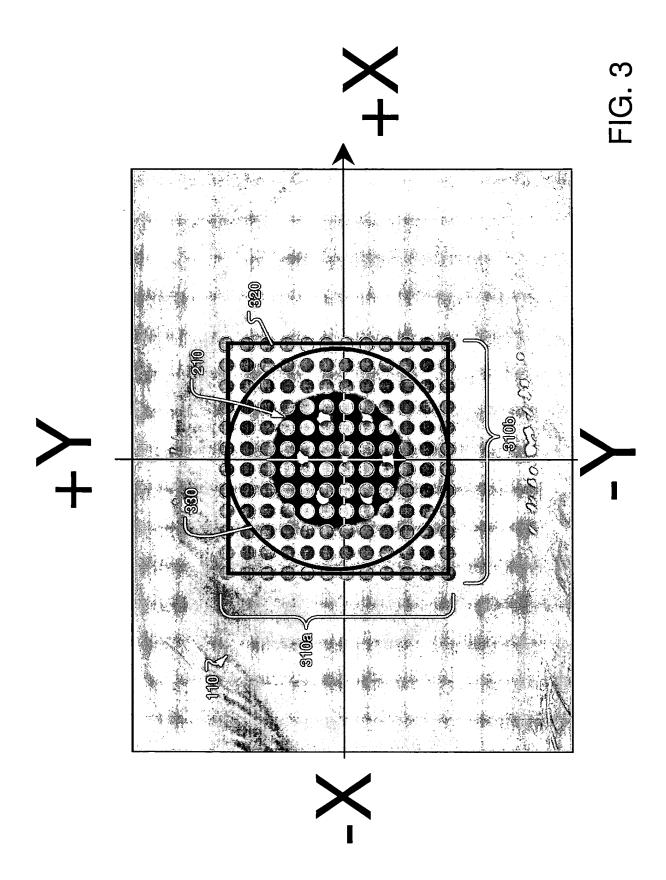
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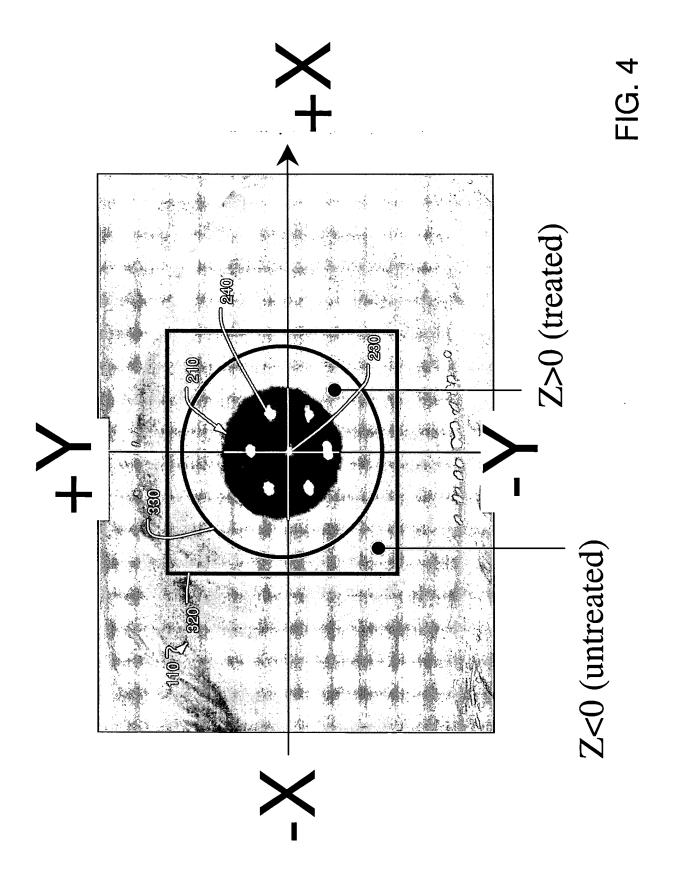
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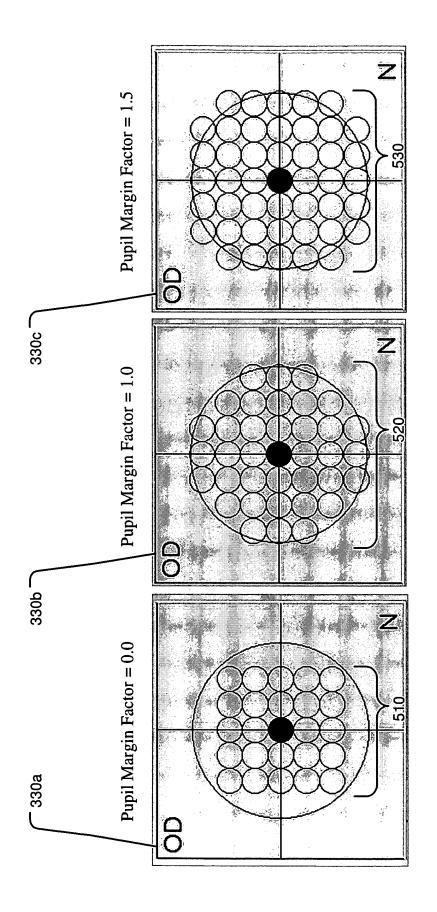
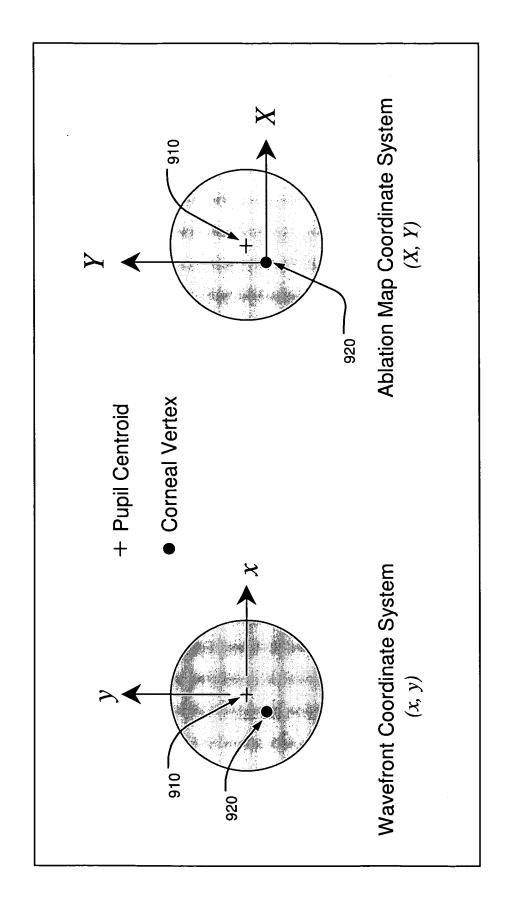
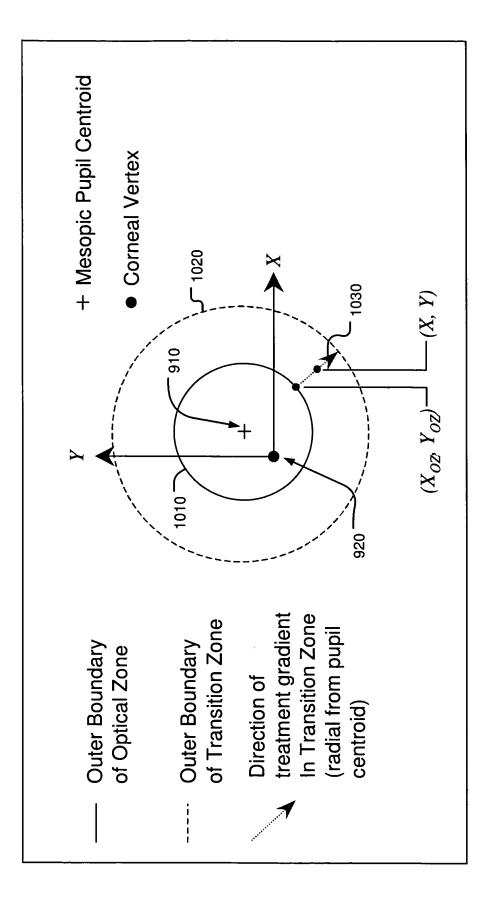


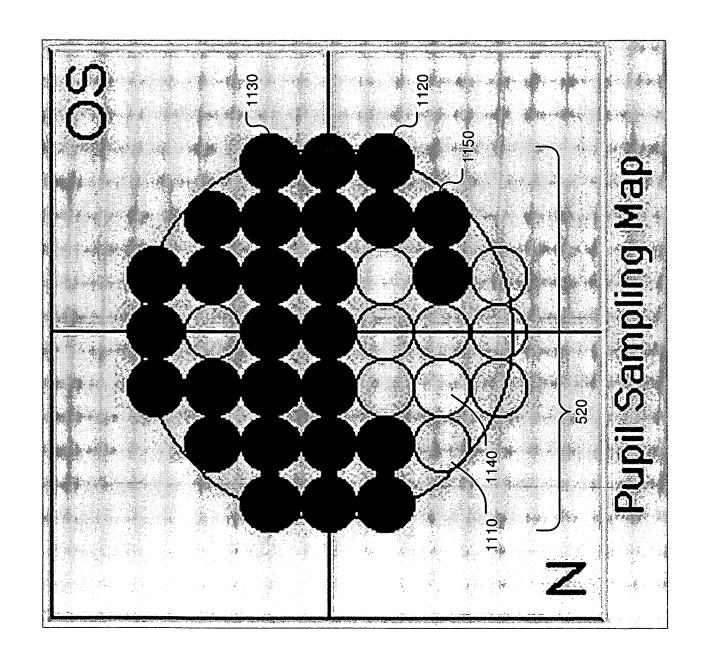
FIG. 6

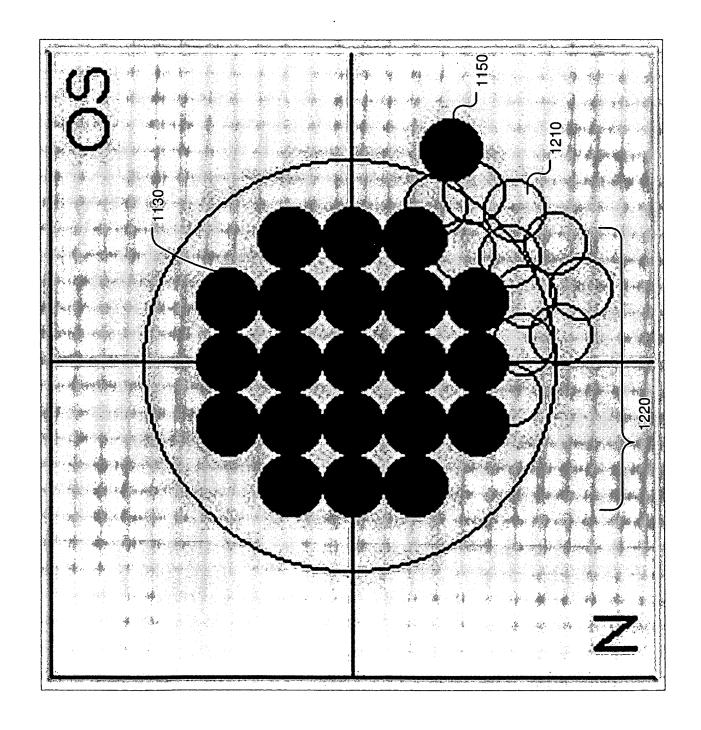
FIG. 7

FIG. 8









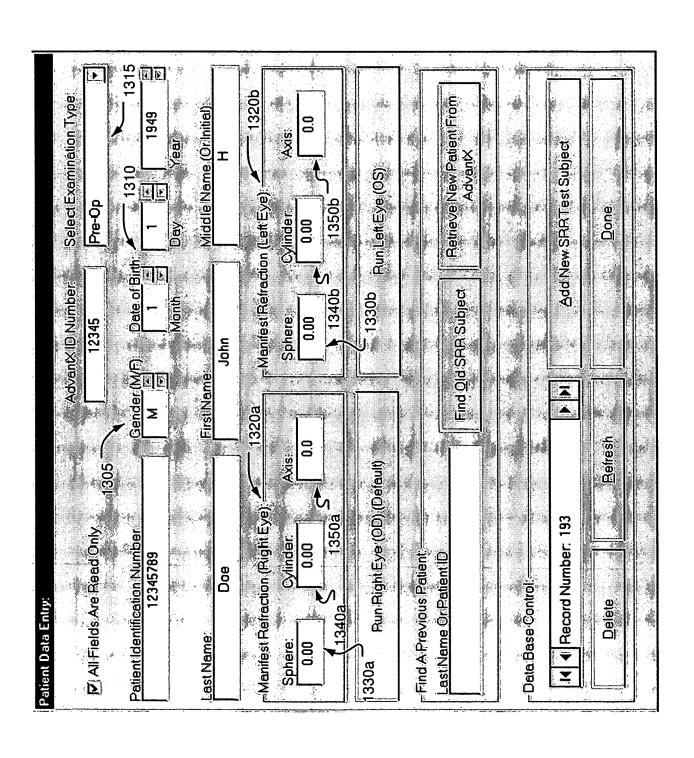
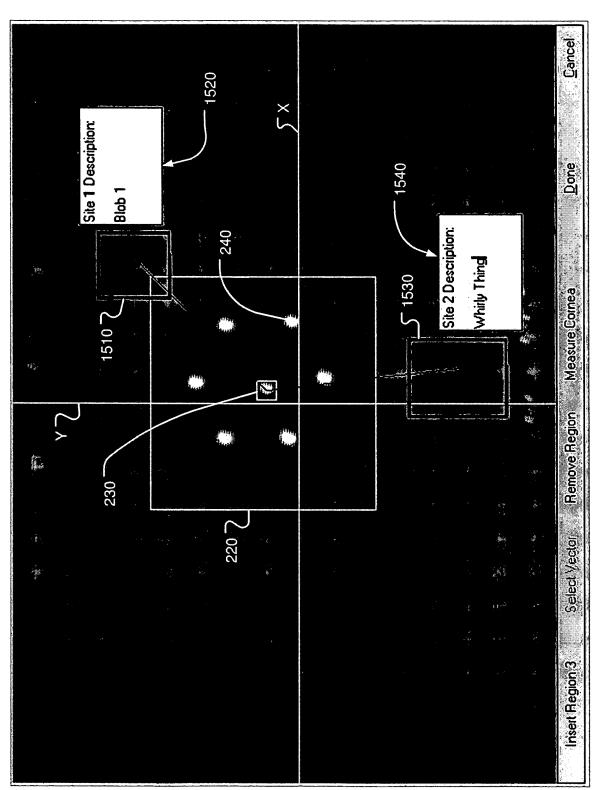
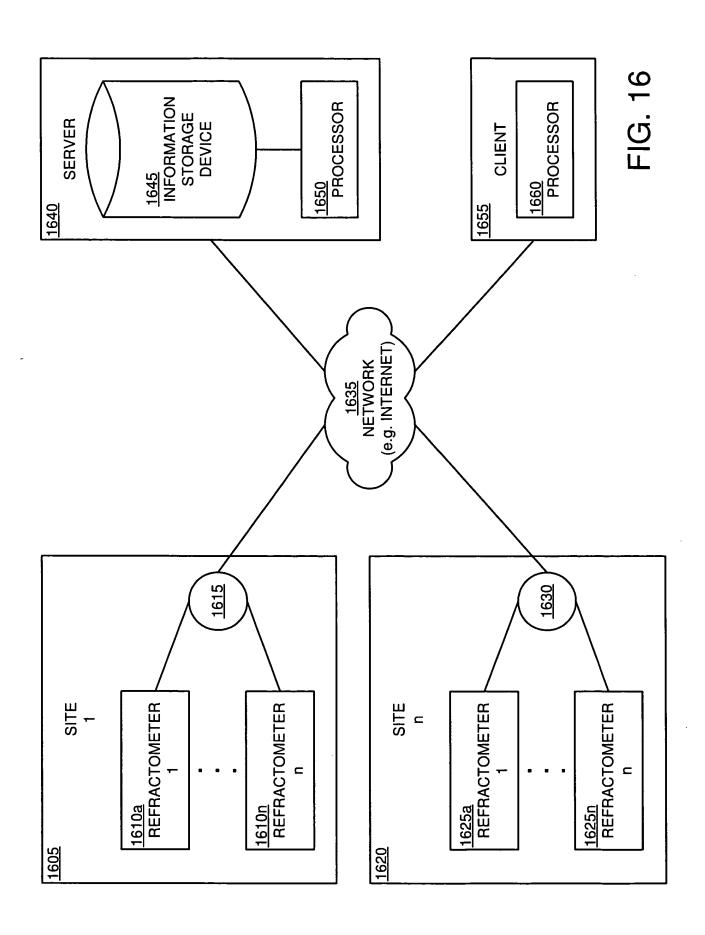
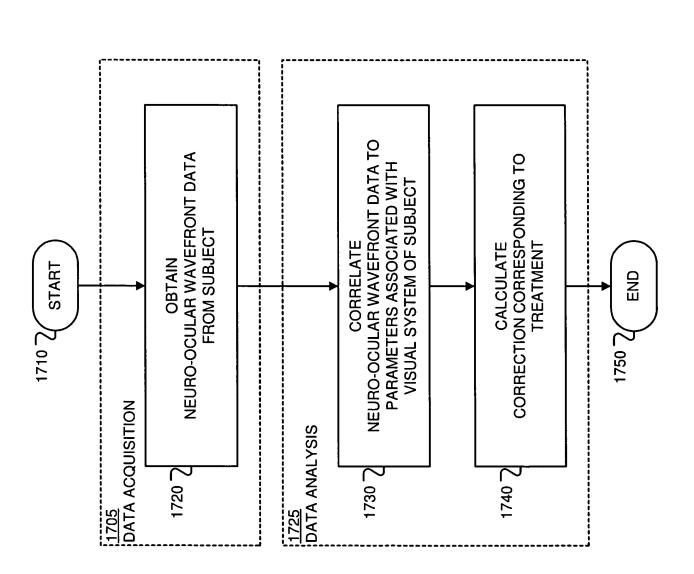
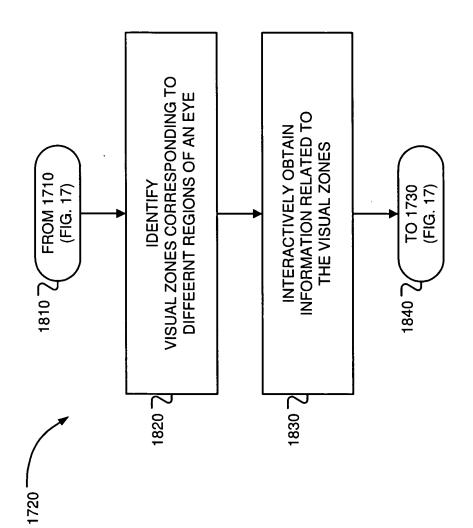


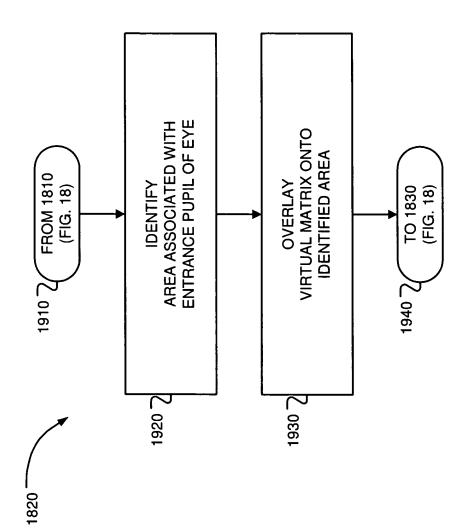
FIG. 14

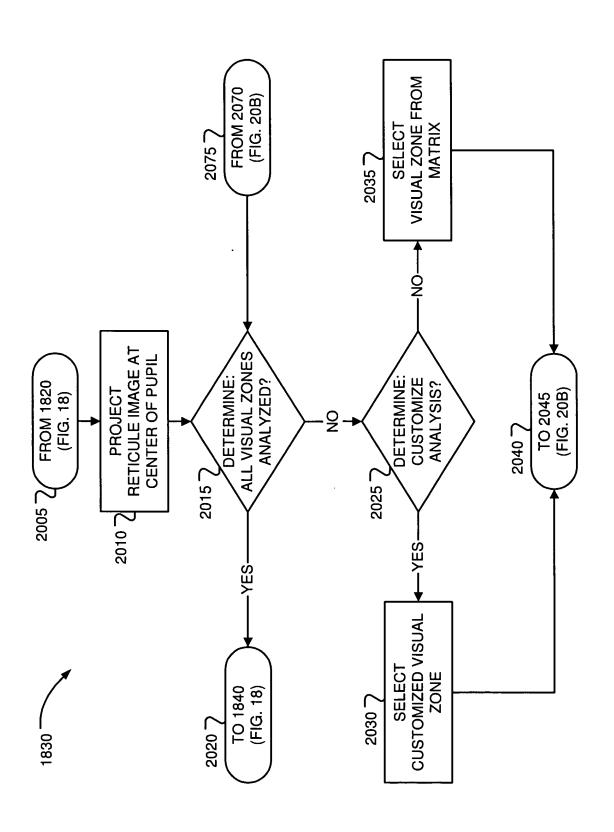


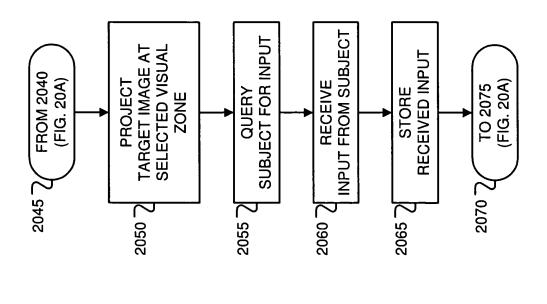


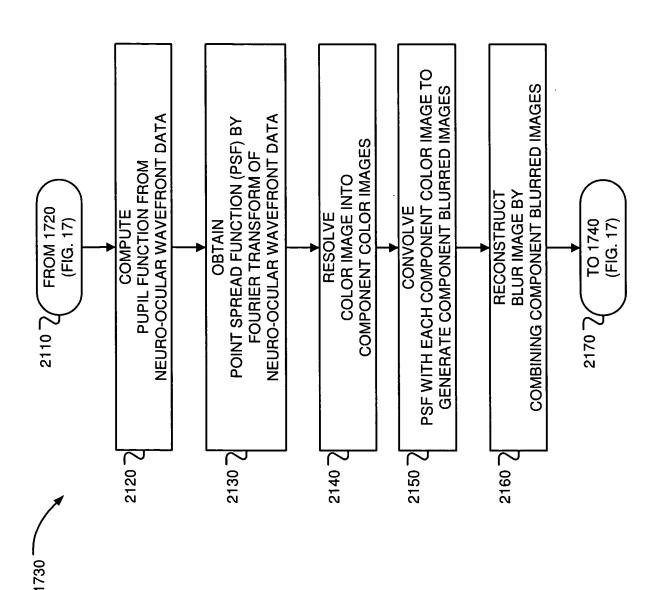


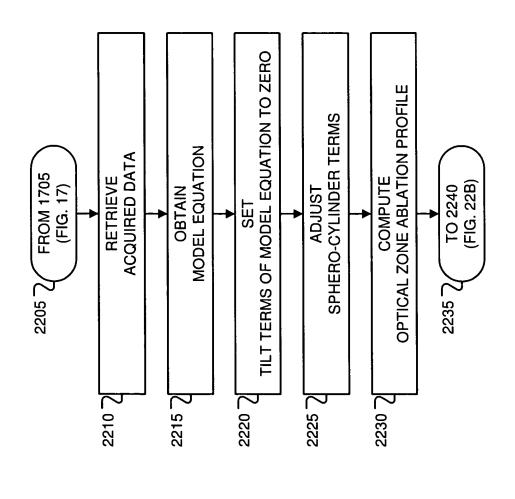


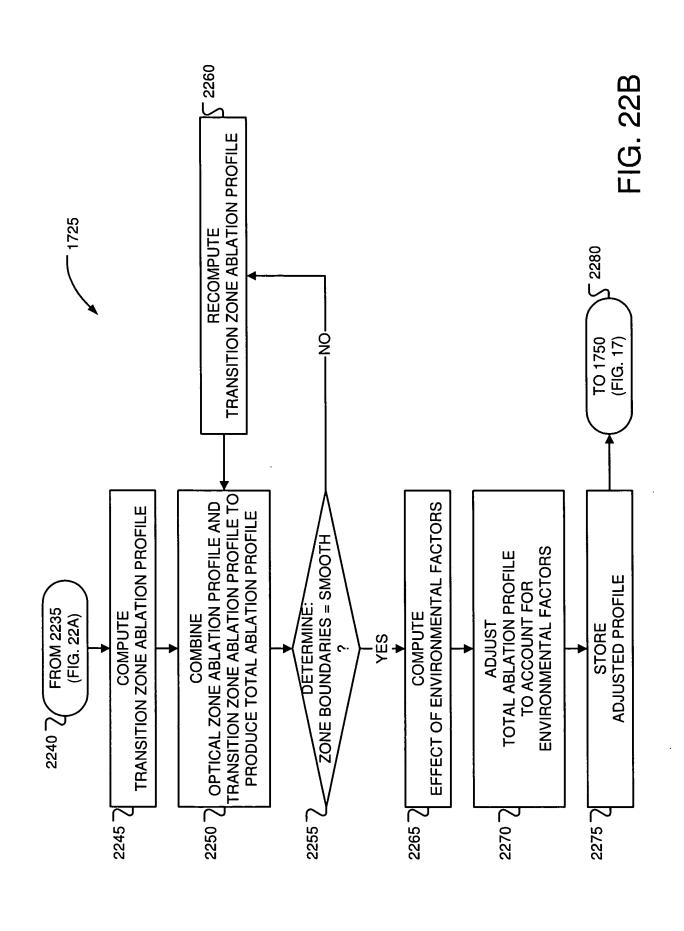


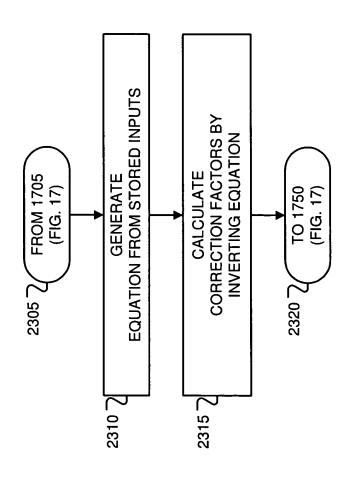


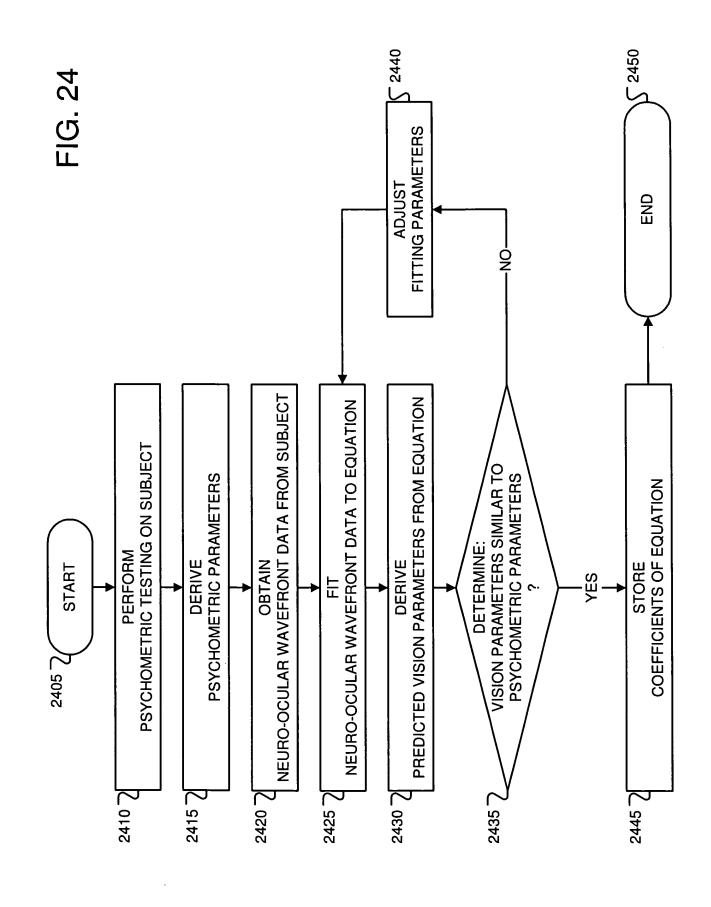


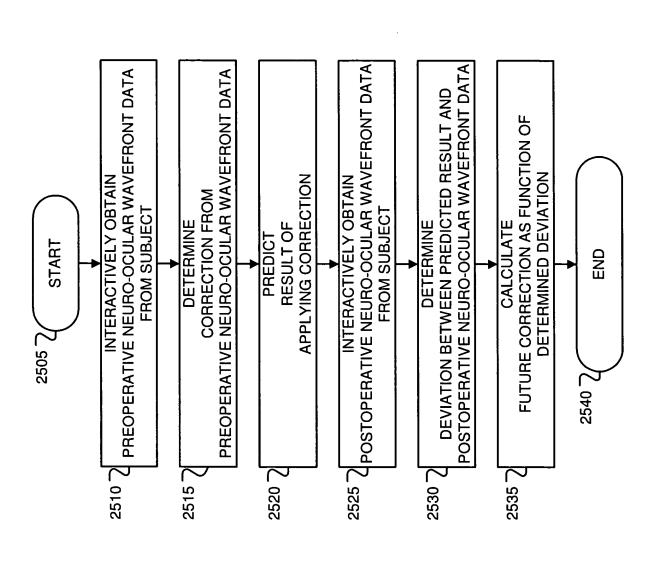












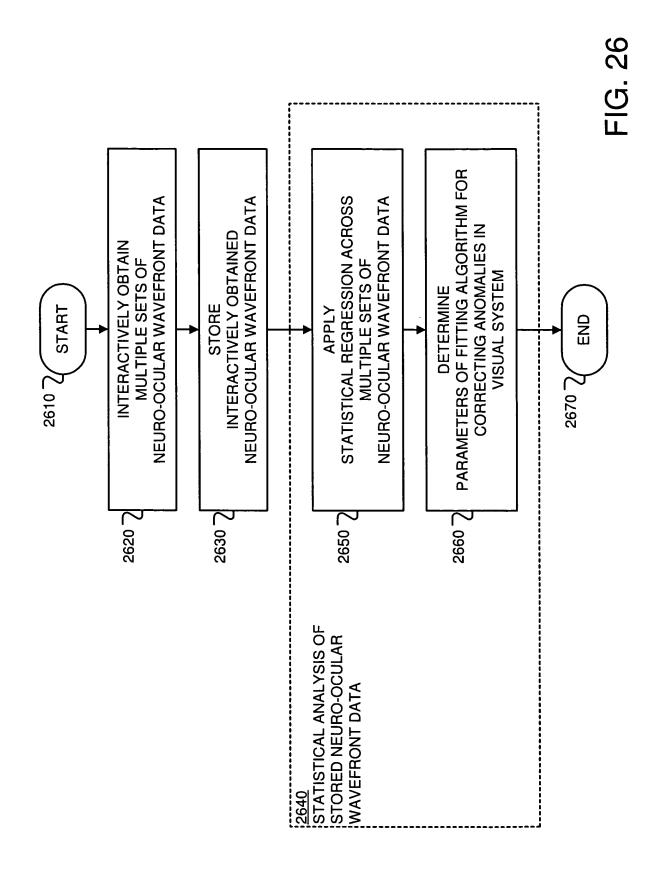


FIG. 27A

Column	Variable Name	Definition
	Point ID	A unique point identifier that describes the
		location of the point in the pupil sampling map.
		The point (0,0) is given a Point ID of 0.
2	X coordinate (mm)	Horizontal location in entrance pupil where the
		acquisition occurred.
3	Y coordinate (mm)	Vertical location in entrance pupil where the
		acquisition occurred.
4	dx (milliradians)	Horizontal compensation measurement to nullify
		wavefront error at (x, y).
5	dy (milliradians)	Vertical compensation measurement to nullify
		wavefront error at (x, y).

Variables	Definition
(x, y)	Coordinate system of wavefront measurement with respect to
	pupillary centroid. (0, 0) corresponds to centroid of
	pharmacologically dilated pupil in mesopic illumination conditions.
(X, Y)	Coordinate system of ablation profile with respect to corneal vertex.
	(0, 0) corresponds to corneal vertex.

Variable Name	Definition
$R_{OZ}$	Radius of optical zone.
$R_{TZ}$	Radius of transition zone.
$W_{min}$	Minimum value of the wavefront error over the optical zone area (the most negative value).
D <sub>Mes</sub>	Diameter of the natural pupil under mesopic illumination conditions.
$D_{Dil}$	Diameter of the pharmacologically dilated pupil under mesopic illumination conditions.
h	Ablation rate efficacy factor, $\eta = 1.0$ (for corneal tissue), $\eta \approx 0.3$ (for polymethylmethacrylate, PMMA).
	Radius from the pupillary centroid to the point $(X,Y)$ , $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .
$n_c$	Index of refraction of cornea $(n_c = 1.3771)$ , according to reference 4.

Emory Vision Term Index	Zemax Term Number	OSA Term Number (Thibos, et. al.)	Zernike Function Term = $F_n(\rho, \theta)$
Unused	1	0	1
3 <b>1</b> 4 3	2		·
*2	3	· 1*	4^(1/2) (ρ) * COS (θ) 4^(1/2) (ρ) * SIN (θ)
3	6	5	6^(1/2) (ρ^2) * COS (2θ)
4	4	4	3^(1/2) (2p^2 - 1)
5	5	3	6^(1/2) (ρ^2) * SIN (2θ)
* 6	10	9	* 8^(1/2) (p^3) * COS (30)
7	8	8	8^(1/2) (3ρ^3 - 2ρ) * COS (θ)
* *8	7 **	7	* 8^(1/2) (3ρ^3 - 2ρ) * SIN (θ)
* *9	9 **	6	8^(1/2) (ρ^3) * SIN (3θ)
10	14	14	10^(1/2) (ρ^4) * COS (4θ)
11	12	13	10^(1/2) (4ρ^4 - 3ρ^2) * COS (2θ)
12	11	12	5^(1/2) (6p^4 - 6p^2 + 1)
13	13	11	10^(1/2) (4ρ^4 - 3ρ^2) * SIN (2θ)
14	15	10	10^(1/2) (ρ^4) * SIN (4θ)
15	. 20	20	12^(1/2) (ρ^5) * COS (5θ)
16	18		12 <sup>(1/2)</sup> (5ρ <sup>5</sup> - 4ρ <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>†</sup> COS (3θ)
17	16		12\(1/2)\(10\rho\5 - 12\rho\3 + 3\rho) * COS (θ).
18	17	17 6	» 412^(1/2) (10ρ^5 - 12ρ^3 + 3ρ) * SIN (θ)
*19***	19	16 🦠	12^(1/2) (5p^5 - 4p^3) * SIN (3e)
<b>*20</b> *	21		//12^(1/2) (p^5) * SIN (50)
21	28	27	14^(1/2) (ρ^6) * COS (6θ)
22	26	26	14^(1/2) (6ρ^6 - 5ρ^4) * COS (4θ)
23	24	25	$14^{(1/2)} (15\rho^{6} - 20\rho^{4} + 6\rho^{2}) * COS (2\theta)$
24	22	24	7^(1/2) (20p^6 - 30p^4 + 12p^2 - 1)
25	23	23	14^(1/2) (15ρ^6 - 20ρ^4 + 6ρ^2) * SIN (2θ)
26	25	22	14^(1/2) (6ρ^6 - 5ρ^4) * SIN (4θ)
27	27	21	14^(1/2) (ρ^6) * SIN (6θ)
28	36	35	16^(1/2) (ρ^7) * COS (7θ)
29	34	34	16^(1/2) (7ρ^7 - 6ρ^5) * COS (5θ)
30 🗼 🗼	32	33	16^(1/2) (21ρ^7 - 30ρ^5 + 10ρ^3) * COS (3θ)
- 31 🚛 -	-30	32	16^(1/2) (35ρ^7 - 60ρ^5 + 30ρ^3 - 4ρ) * COS (θ)
32 🗼	29	31 🗼	16^(1/2) (35ρ^7 - 60ρ^5 + 30ρ^3 - 4ρ) * SIN (θ)
<b>∗33</b> ∗ ∗	<b>31</b>	- 30 🚜 ↓	16^(1/2) (21ρ^7 - 30ρ^5 + 10ρ^3) * SIN (3θ)
	× 33	<b>29</b>	16^(1/2) (7ρ^7 - 6ρ^5) *SIN (5θ)
<b>35</b>	35	28	16^(1/2) (ρ^7) * SIN (7θ)